

HIGH ARCTIC OCEAN OBSERVATION SYSTEM 2023-2027



























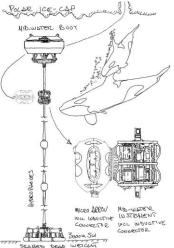
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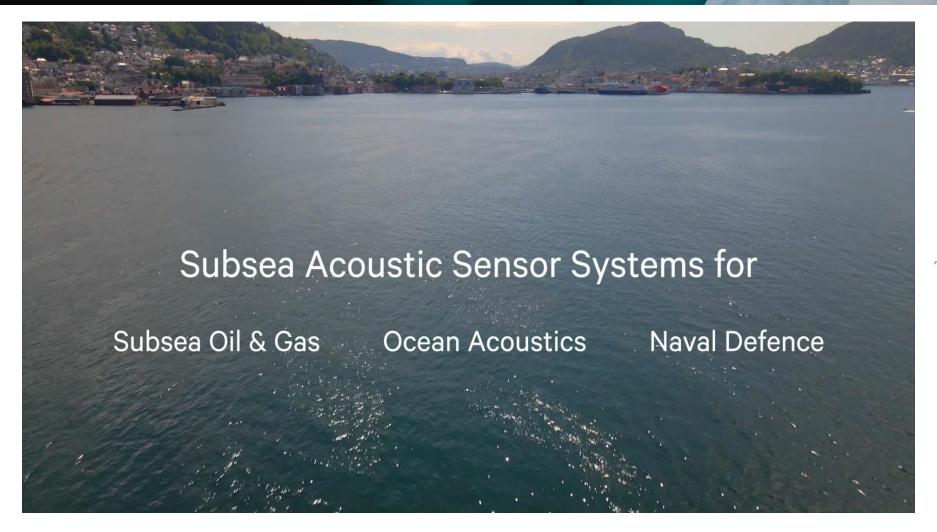
## about Stinger Technology AS

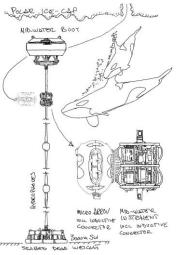






## about Naxys Technologies AS









Developing, implementing, and validating several ocean observing technologies to improve data collection in the ice-covered Arctic Ocean. A network of multipurpose moorings will be deployed for two years in the deep Nansen and Amundsen Basins.

























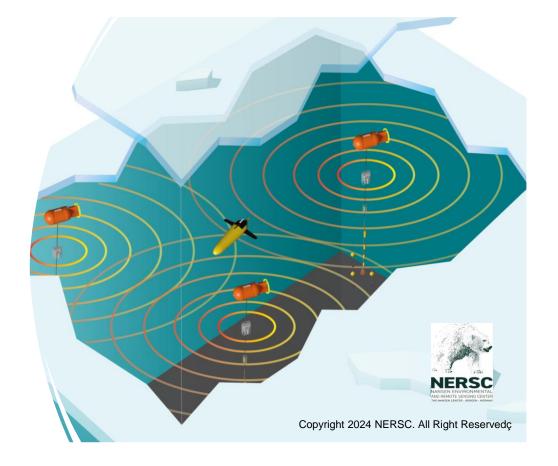


















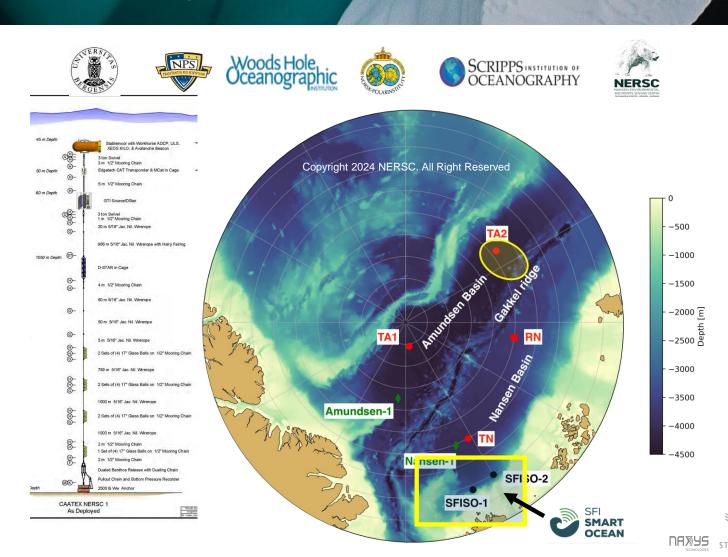
### HIAOOS Moored system for basin wide ocean observations, acoustic thermometry, and underwater GPS

#### **EXPERIMENT SCHEDULE:**

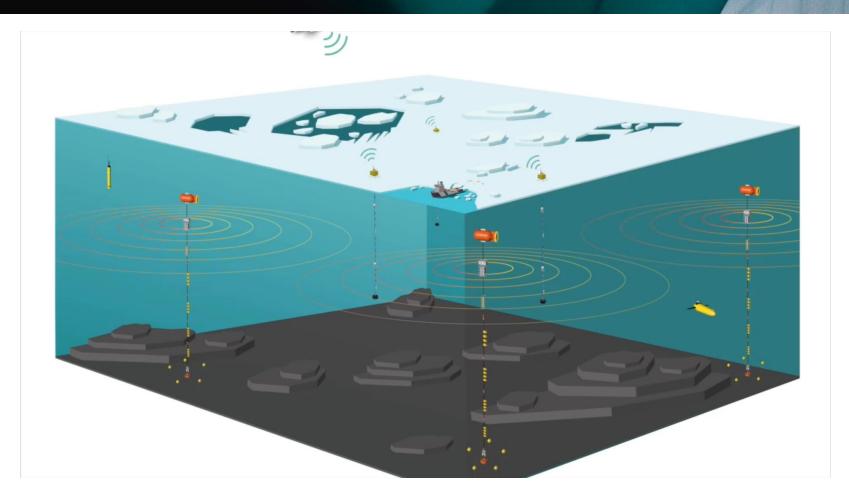
**2024** Deployment of mooring network in the Nansen and Amundsen Basin with KV Svalbard. Sources in TA1-3 transmit 7 minutes M-sequences at 35 Hz every 10 day. Receivers will record 1 hour every day.

**2025:** Regional mooring network North of Svalbard. Schedules not determined. Test of new technologies in buoys and mooring.

**2026** Full recovery of all the mooring systems to download data and recharge instruments with batteries.



## HIAOOS Operations in ice covered areas

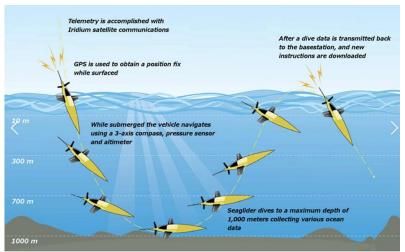


Acknowledgement:





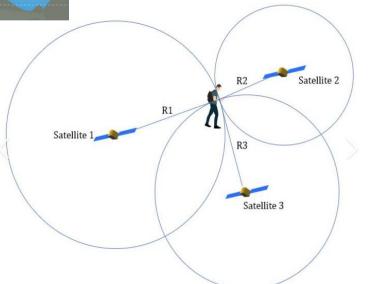


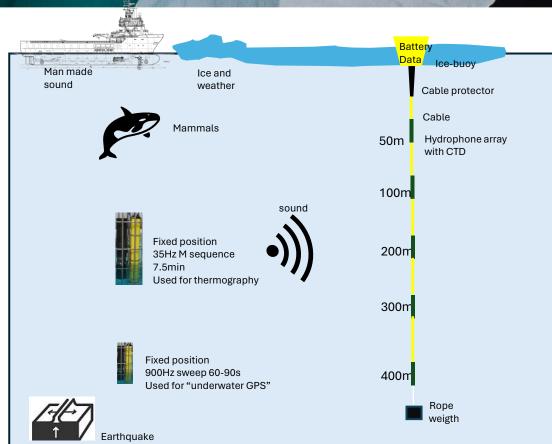


Gliders and floats need UW-GPS to geo-position under ice

#### The buoy will

- be tethered to the drifting ice with the receiver and sensor array hanging under the ice.
- record sound and measure temperature and salinity as it drift with the ice
- will facilitate development and test of "underwater GPS" algorithms without deployment of gliders and floats.
- Receptions will be used to range 3 or more transmitters at different locations. This allow triangulation to determine the position of the ice buoy. GPS on buoy gives "correct answer".





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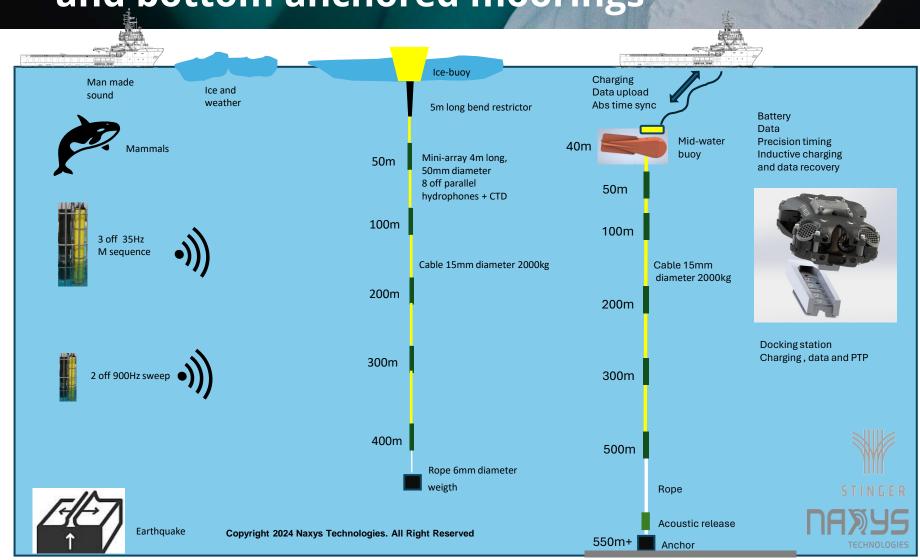






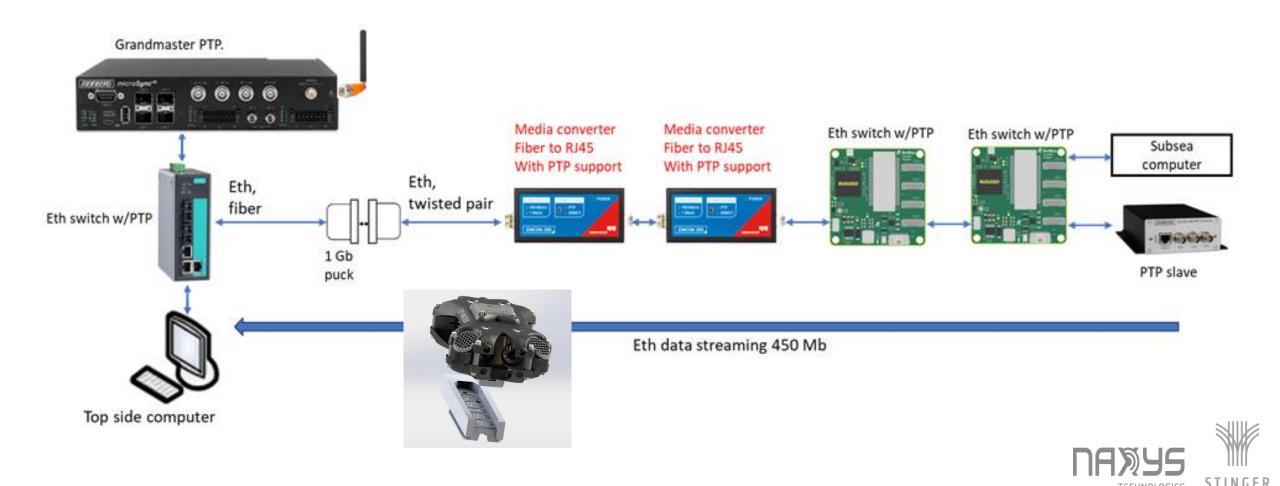
## New receiver technology for drifting Buoy – and bottom anchored moorings

- Deployment of new generation of moorings North of Svalbard in 2025.
- Sub-surface buoy well below drifting ice.
- Records Sound and CTD
- Enables long-term installation without recovering the mooring to replace batteries and access data.
- Inductive couplers allow use for small ROVs from vessels not equipped with large ROVs.
- Precision absolute timing in subsurface buoy enables propagation time calculation from active sources.





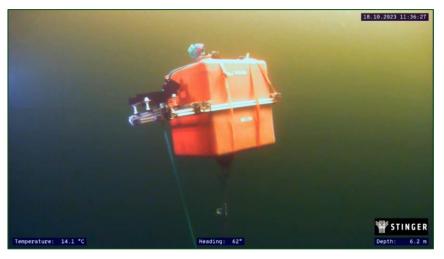
the Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a protocol used to synchronize clocks throughout a computer network.



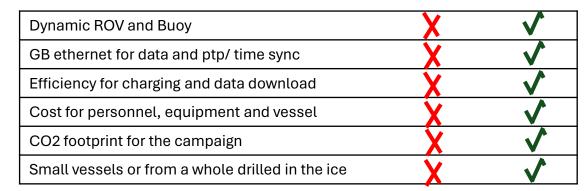
# HIAOOS charging and data harvesting



Standard conductive ROV connector



New HiAOOS inductive ROV connector, battery charging, data download/upload and time sync.







































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